

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

**Worksheet 5.7—Inverse Trig Functions**

Show all work on a separate sheet of paper. No calculator is permitted unless specified otherwise. Unless otherwise stated, report three decimals and units in all final answers.

**Multiple Choice**

1.  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) =$  

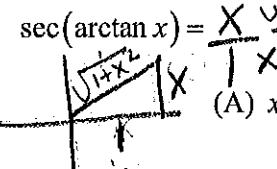
(A)  $-\frac{7\pi}{6}$     (B)  $\frac{7\pi}{6}$     (C)  $-\frac{\pi}{6}$     (D)  $-\frac{11\pi}{6}$     (E)  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

2.  $\arcsin\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) =$  

(A)  $-\frac{7\pi}{6}$     (B)  $\frac{7\pi}{6}$     (C)  $-\frac{\pi}{6}$     (D)  $-\frac{11\pi}{6}$     (E)  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

3.  $\arcsin(\sin \pi) =$  

(A)  $-2\pi$     (B)  $-\pi$     (C)  $\pi$     (D)  $0$     (E)  $2\pi$

4.  $\sec(\arctan x) =$  

(A)  $x$     (B)  $\csc x$     (C)  $\sqrt{1+x^2}$     (D)  $\sqrt{1-x^2}$     (E)  $\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}$

5. The range of the function  $f(x) = \arcsin x$  is

(A)  $(-\infty, \infty)$     (B)  $(-1, 1)$     (C)  $[-1, 1]$     (D)  $[0, \pi]$     (E)  $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$

6. The range of the function  $f(x) = \arccos x$  is

(A)  $(-\infty, \infty)$     (B)  $(-1, 1)$     (C)  $[-1, 1]$     (D)  $[0, \pi]$     (E)  $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$

7. The range of the function  $f(x) = \arctan x$  is

(A)  $(-\infty, \infty)$     (B)  $[-1, 1]$     (C)  $[0, \pi]$     (D)  $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$     (E) None of these  
 $\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

8. Find the exact value of each expression, if it is defined. Give your answers in radians in the interval  $[0^\circ, 360^\circ]$ .

$$(a) \sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \quad (b) \arccos\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \quad (c) \tan^{-1}\sqrt{3} \quad (d) \arcsin\sqrt{3} \quad (e) \cos^{-1}(-1)$$

$$a) = -\frac{\pi}{3} \quad b) \frac{5\pi}{6} \quad c) \frac{\pi}{3} \quad d) \text{DNE} \quad e) \pi$$

9. Use a calculator to find an approximate value of each expression correct to 5 decimal places, if it is defined. Give your answers in decimal degrees in the interval  $[0^\circ, 360^\circ]$ .

$$(a) \sin^{-1}(0.13844) \quad (b) \arccos(-0.92761) \quad (c) \tan^{-1}(26.23110)$$

$$a) 7.957^\circ \quad 158.065^\circ \quad c) 87.816^\circ$$

10. The following facts to find an approximate value (using a calculator) of each expression correct to 5 decimal places, if it is defined. Give your answers in radians in the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$ .

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}, \sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}, \text{ and } \cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$$

(Hint: rewrite each inverse trig function as a trig function, then express each in terms of their reciprocals, then resolve for  $\theta$ .)

$$(a) \theta = \csc^{-1}(10.13844) \quad (b) \theta = \operatorname{arcsec}(-1.92761) \quad (c) \theta = \cot^{-1}(26.23110)$$

$$\csc \theta = (10.13844)$$

$$\sec \theta = (-1.92761)$$

$$\cot \theta = 26.23110$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{10.13844}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{-1}{1.92761}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{26.23110}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{10.13844}\right)$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-1}{1.92761}\right)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{26.23110}\right)$$

Finish on calculator

11. Find the exact value of each expression if it is defined.

$$(a) \sin\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{4}\right) \quad (b) \tan(\arctan 3) \quad (c) \cos(\cos^{-1} 3) \quad (d) \cos^{-1}(\cos 3)$$

$$(e) \arcsin\left(\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{7}\right)\right) \quad (f) \sin^{-1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{7}\right)\right) \quad (g) \tan^{-1}\left(2\sin\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \quad (h) \arccos\left(\sqrt{3}\sin\frac{11\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$a) \frac{1}{4}$$

$$b. 3$$

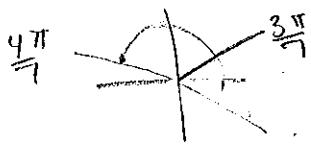
$$c) \text{DNE}$$

$$d) 3$$

$$e) -\frac{\pi}{7}$$

$$f. \frac{3\pi}{7}$$

$$g. \tan^{-1}(2(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})) \quad h) \arccos(\sqrt{3}(\frac{1}{2}))$$



$$\tan^{-1}(\sqrt{3}) \\ = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\arccos \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

12. Evaluate each expression by sketching a triangle and finding the missing side of the triangle.

$$(a) \sin\left(\arccos\frac{3}{5}\right) \quad (b) \sin\left(\tan^{-1}\frac{12}{5}\right) \quad (c) \csc\left(\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{7}{25}\right)\right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Sin} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ | \\ 3 \\ | \\ 4 \end{array}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 13 \\ | \\ 13 \\ | \\ 12 \\ | \\ 5 \end{array}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ | \\ 25 \\ | \\ 21 \\ | \\ -7 \end{array}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{25}{24}$$

13. Rewrite each expression as an algebraic expression in  $x$ .

$$(a) \cos(\sin^{-1} x) \quad (b) \sec(\arctan 2x)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ | \\ 1 \\ | \\ \sqrt{1-x^2} \\ | \\ \sqrt{1-x^2} \end{array}$$

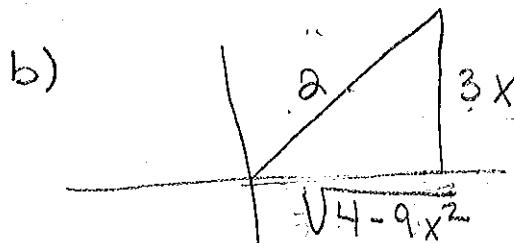
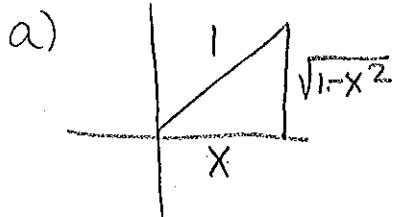
$$\sin \theta = \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{1+4x^2} \\ | \\ \sqrt{1+4x^2} \\ | \\ 2x \\ | \\ 1 \end{array}$$

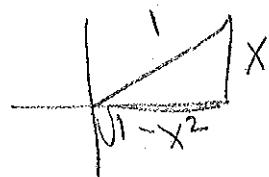
$$\sec \theta = \sqrt{1+4x^2}$$

14. Rewrite each of the following into a composition of a trig and inverse trig function. Give two equivalent compositions for each.

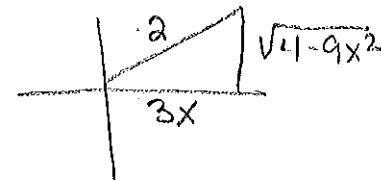
$$(a) \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \quad (b) \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{4-9x^2}$$



$$\tan(\arccos x)$$



$$\cos(\sin^{-1}(\frac{3x}{2}))$$



$$\cot(\arcsin x)$$

$$\sin(\cos^{-1}(\frac{3x}{2}))$$

15. Using a graphing calculator, (a) find all the solutions to the following equation correct to three decimal places, then (b) find the exact solution using your knowledge of the unit circle.

$$\text{Arcsin } x - \text{Arccos } x = 0$$

$$x = .707$$

$$x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

