

Name KEY *17 checks  
total* Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

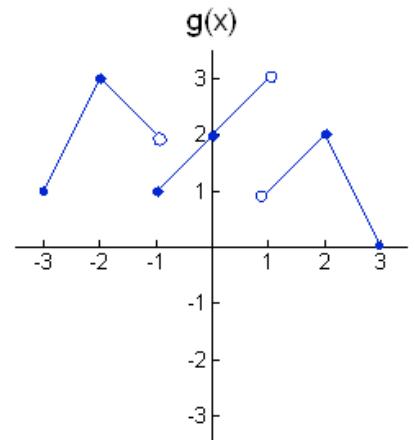
AP Calculus AB TEST: 1.1-1.4

No Calculator

**Part I: Multiple Choice**—write the CAPITAL LETTER in the blank to the left of the problem number.**Use the graph of the function  $g(x)$  shown at right to answer question 1.**

C 1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} g(g(x)) + \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} \sqrt{g(x)+6} + g(-1) =$

- (A) 6      (B) 5      (C) 4      (D) 3      (E) DNE



E 2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{x^3 - 9x}{x^2 - x - 6} = \frac{x(x-3)(x+3)}{(x-3)(x+2)} = \frac{3(6)}{5}$

- (A) DNE      (B) 0      (C)  $-\frac{3}{14}$       (D)  $-\frac{18}{5}$       (E)  $\frac{18}{5}$

D 3. If  $2^{3x-1} \leq P(x) \leq x^3 + 2x + 1$ , for all  $x$  in an interval containing  $x=1$ , then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} P(x) =$

- (A) DNE      (B) 0      (C) 2      (D) 4      (E) not enough information is given

C 4.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-2x^7 + 7x^2 - 3x + 1}{\sqrt{4x^{14} + x^{12} + 2x^2 + 3x + 4}} =$

- (A)  $-\infty$       (B)  $-\frac{1}{2}$       (C) 1      (D) -1      (E)  $\frac{1}{2}$

A 5.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} \frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 4} = -\infty$

- (A)  $-\infty$       (B)  $\infty$       (C)  $\frac{17}{8}$       (D) 1      (E)  $\frac{1}{4}$

D 6. If  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & x \neq \frac{7\pi}{6} \\ \frac{1}{2}, & x = \frac{7\pi}{6} \end{cases}$  Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{7\pi}{6}} f(x) =$

- (A)  $\frac{1}{2}$       (B)  $-\frac{1}{2}$       (C)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$       (D)  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$       (E) DNE

D 7. If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 5$ , which of the following must be true?

- I.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = 5$       II.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = 5$       III.  $f(0) = 5$   
 (A) I only      (B) II only      (C) III only      (D) I and II only      (E) I, II, and III

C 8. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{x^3 + 1}{x + 1} =$

- (A) DNE      (B) 0      (C) 1      (D) -1      (E) 3

**Part II: Free Response:** Answer all questions in the rectangle provided for each problem. **Show all steps, use proper notation, and write legibly.**

9. For  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \ln|x+2|, & x < -3 \\ \frac{x+3}{x-1}, & -3 \leq x < -1 \\ \frac{-2}{x}, & -1 \leq x < 1 \\ 1-3x, & 1 < x \leq 4 \\ \frac{1}{x} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right), & x > 4 \end{cases}$ , find the following.

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = \boxed{\text{DNE or } \infty} \quad \checkmark$

(b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = \boxed{\text{DNE}} \quad \checkmark$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) &= -1 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

(c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \boxed{0} \quad \checkmark$

(d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \boxed{\text{DNE or } \infty} \quad \checkmark$

(e) Using the 3-step definition of continuity, discuss the continuity of  $f(x)$  at  $x=1$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) &= -2 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(1) = \text{DNE}$$

$f(x)$  is not continuous at  $x=1$   $\checkmark$   
Since  $f(1) = \text{DNE}$   $\checkmark$

(f) Using the 3-step definition of continuity, discuss the continuity of  $f(x)$  at  $x=-3$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} f(x) &= 0 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} f(x) &= 0 \\ f(-3) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$f(x)$  is continuous at  $x=-3$   $\checkmark$   
Since  $0 = 0 = 0$   $\checkmark$

9 checks