

Name _____ Date _____ Period _____

Worksheet 5.3—Circular Trig Functions

Show all work on a separate sheet of paper. All answers must be given as either simplified, exact answers. A calculator is not permitted unless otherwise stated.

Multiple Choice

1. Which of the following trig functions is undefined?

- (A) $\sin 30^\circ$ (B) $\tan 0$ (C) $\cos \frac{\pi}{2}$ (D) $\csc 90^\circ$ (E) $\sec \frac{3\pi}{2}$ $\frac{r}{x} = \frac{1}{0}$

2. If θ is the smallest angle in a 3-4-5 right triangle, then $\sin \theta =$

- (A) $\frac{3}{5}$ (B) $\frac{3}{4}$ (C) $\frac{4}{5}$ (D) $\frac{5}{4}$ (E) $\frac{5}{3}$
- 

3. If a non-horizontal line has a slope of $\sin \theta$ for some θ , then the line will be perpendicular to a line with a slope of

- (A) $\cos \theta$ (B) $-\cos \theta$ (C) $\csc \theta$ (D) $-\csc \theta$ (E) $-\sin \theta$ *ratios*

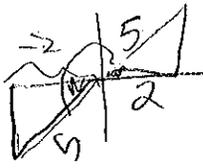
4. Which of the following trig ratios could NOT be π ? *3.14*

- (A) $\tan \theta$ (B) $\cos \theta$ (C) $\cot \theta$ (D) $\sec \theta$ (E) $\csc \theta$ *angles*

5. If $\sin \theta = 0.4$, then $\sin(-\theta) + \csc \theta = -0.4 + \frac{1}{0.4} = -\frac{2}{5} + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{-4 + 25}{10} = \frac{21}{10}$

- (A) -0.15 (B) 0 (C) 0.15 (D) 0.65 (E) 2.1

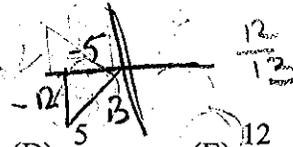
6. If $\cos \theta = 0.4$, then $\cos(\theta + \pi) =$

- (A) -0.6 (B) -0.4 (C) 0.4 (D) 0.6 (E) 3.54
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7. The range of the function $f(x) = (\sin \theta)^2 + (\cos \theta)^2$ is

- (A) $\{y | y = 1\}$ (B) $\{y | -1 \leq y \leq 1\}$ (C) $\{y | 0 \leq y \leq 1\}$ (D) $\{y | 0 \leq y \leq 2\}$ (E) $\{y | y \geq 0\}$

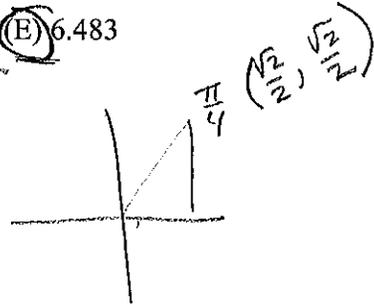
8. If $\sec \theta = -\frac{13}{5}$ and $\tan \theta > 0$, then $\sin \theta =$

- (A) $-\frac{12}{13}$ (B) $-\frac{5}{12}$ (C) $\frac{5}{13}$ (D) $\frac{5}{12}$ (E) $\frac{12}{13}$
- 

9. (Calculator Permitted) Evaluate $\sec 30^\circ = \frac{1}{\cos 30^\circ}$

- (A) 0.5 (B) -1.012 (C) undefined (D) 1.547 (E) 6.483

10. Evaluate $\cos \frac{57\pi}{4}$

- (A) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ (B) $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ (C) 1 (D) -1 (E) 0
- 

$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$

so $\sec 30^\circ = \frac{1}{\cos 30^\circ}$

$\cos \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

11. For each of the following angles θ , draw the associated reference triangle, then find the reference angle. Then find the values for $\cos \theta$, $\sin \theta$, and $\tan \theta$.

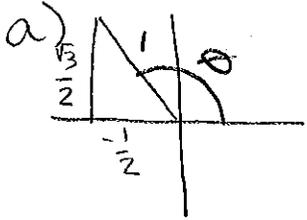
(a) $\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}$

(b) $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{4}$

(c) $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6}$

(d) $\theta = \frac{7\pi}{4}$

(e) $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{2}$



b) $\theta_{\text{ref}} = \frac{\pi}{4}$

c) $\theta_{\text{ref}} = \frac{\pi}{6}$

$\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$

$\tan \theta = 1$

$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$\theta_{\text{ref}} = 60^\circ$

$\theta = 120^\circ$

$\theta_{\text{ref}} = \frac{\pi}{3}$

$\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$

$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\tan \theta = -\sqrt{3}$

d) $\theta = \frac{7\pi}{4}$

e) $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{2}$

$\theta_{\text{ref}} = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$\theta_{\text{ref}} = \text{NRRR}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\cos \theta = 0$

$\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\sin \theta = -1$

$\tan \theta = -1$

$\tan \theta = \text{DNE}$

12. Evaluate the following from the Unit Circle.

- (a) $\sin 245^\circ$ (b) $\cos \frac{5\pi}{3}$ (c) $\tan 150^\circ$ (d) $\csc \frac{\pi}{3}$ (e) $\sec \frac{\pi}{2}$ (f) $\cot 0$

a) $\sin 240^\circ = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$ b) $\cos \frac{5\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$ c) $\tan 150^\circ = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{3}$

d) $\csc \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$ e) $\sec \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{0} = \text{DNE}$ f) $\cot 0 = \frac{1}{0} = \text{DNE}$

13. (Calculator Permitted) Find the exact value of each of the following trig ratios of angles that are coterminal with unit circle angles.

- (a) $\sin\left(\frac{29131\pi}{4}\right)$ (b) $\sec\left(\frac{674523\pi}{6}\right)$ (c) $\csc\left(\frac{201152010\pi}{3}\right)$ (d) $\cot\left(\frac{897513\pi}{6}\right)$
 (e) $\cos\left(\frac{-8675309\pi}{3}\right)$ (f) $\tan\left(\frac{643281359\pi}{4}\right)$

a) $\sin \frac{3\pi}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

b) $\sec\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \text{DNE}$

c) $\csc 0 = \text{DNE}$

d) $\cot \frac{3\pi}{2} = 0$

e) $\cos \frac{5\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$

f) $\tan \frac{\pi}{4} = 1$

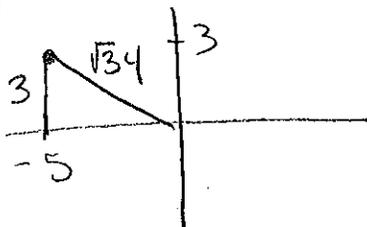
$\cos \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$

0

14. If the terminal side of θ passes through the given point, find the simplified, exact values of all six trig functions of θ . THEN, find θ and θ_{ref} if $0^\circ < \theta < 360^\circ$.

(a) $(-5, 3)$ (b) $(-4, -5)$

a)



$$\cos \theta = \frac{-5}{\sqrt{34}} = \frac{-5\sqrt{34}}{34}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{34}}{5}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}} = \frac{3\sqrt{34}}{34}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{\sqrt{34}}{3}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{-3}{5}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{-5}{3}$$

$$\theta_{ref} = 30.963^\circ \quad \theta = 149.036^\circ$$

b)



$$\cos \theta = \frac{-4}{\sqrt{41}} = \frac{-4\sqrt{41}}{41}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{41}}{4}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{-5}{\sqrt{41}} = \frac{-5\sqrt{41}}{41}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{41}}{5}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\theta_{ref} = 51.340^\circ$$

$$\theta = 231.340^\circ$$

15. If $\cot \theta$ is undefined and $\sec \theta < 0$, find the exact values of all six trig functions of θ . THEN, find θ and θ_{ref} if $0 < \theta < 2\pi$.

$$\theta = \pi$$

$$\sin \theta = 0$$

$$\csc \theta = \text{DNE}$$

$$\cos \theta = -1$$

$$\sec \theta = -1$$

$$\tan \theta = 0$$

$$\cot \theta = \text{DNE}$$

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16. Solve the following equations for $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$ using your Unit Circle knowledge. (There might be more than one solution for each)

(a) $\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\tan \theta = -1$ (c) $\cot \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ (d) $\sec \theta = 2$

a) $\theta = \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$

b) $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$

c) $\tan \theta = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$

$\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}/2}{1/2} = \frac{y}{x}$

$\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}$

$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$

d) $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}$

$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$

17. For $\theta \in [-2\pi, 4\pi]$, solve the equation $\tan \theta = 1$ if $\sin \theta < 0$

$\theta = -\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{13\pi}{4}$

18. (Calculator Permitted) Evaluate the following to 3 decimals.

(a) $\sin 257^{\circ}13''$

$$\boxed{-.974}$$

(b) $\cos 13$

$$\boxed{=.907}$$

(c) $\cot(-190.3^{\circ})$

$$= \frac{1}{\tan(-190.3^{\circ})}$$

$$\boxed{= -5.502}$$

(d) $\sec \frac{25\pi}{7}$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos\left(\frac{25\pi}{7}\right)}$$

$$\boxed{= 4.493}$$

(e) $\csc \frac{5\pi}{6}$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right)}$$

$$\boxed{= 21.892}$$